

# LUPIN LIMITED

## SAFETY DATA SHEET

### Section 1: Identification

#### Section 1, Identification

<b>Material</b>	<b>Lovastatin Tablets USP</b> <b>10 mg, 20 mg and 40 mg</b>
<b>Manufacturer</b>	<b>Lupin Limited</b> Goa 403 722 INDIA
<b>Distributor</b>	Lupin Pharmaceuticals, Inc. 111 South Calvert Street, Harborplace Tower, 21st Floor, Baltimore, Maryland 21202 United States Tel. 001-410-576-2000 Fax. 001-410-576-2221

### Section 2: Hazard(s) Identification

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<b>Fire and Explosion</b>	Expected to be non-combustible.
<b>Health</b>	Hypersensitivity to any component of this medication. Active liver disease or unexplained persistent elevations of serum transaminases. Concomitant administration with strong CYP3A4 inhibitors (e.g., itraconazole, ketoconazole, posaconazole, voriconazole, HIV protease inhibitors, boceprevir, telaprevir, erythromycin, clarithromycin, telithromycin, nefazodone, and cobicistat-containing products)
<b>Environment</b>	No information is available about the potential of this product to produce adverse environmental effects.

### Section 3: Composition/Information on Ingredients

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<b>Ingredients</b>	<b>CAS</b>
Lovastatin USP	75330-75-5

### Section 4: First-Aid Measures

#### Section 4, First-aid measures

<b>Ingestion</b>	If conscious, give water to drink and induce vomiting. Do not attempt to give any solid or liquid by mouth if the exposed subject is unconscious or semi-conscious. Wash out the mouth with water. Obtain medical attention.
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<b>Inhalation</b>	Move individual to fresh air. Obtain medical attention if breathing difficulty occurs. If not breathing, provide artificial respiration assistance.
<b>Skin Contact</b>	Remove contaminated clothing and flush exposed area with large amounts of water. Wash all exposed areas of skin with plenty of soap and water. Obtain medical attention if skin reaction occurs.
<b>Eye Contact</b>	Flush eyes with plenty of water. Get medical attention.
<b>NOTES TO HEALTH PROFESSIONALS</b>	
<b>Medical Treatment</b>	Treat according to locally accepted protocols. For additional guidance, refer to the current prescribing information or to the local poison control information center. Protect the patient's airway and support ventilation and perfusion. Meticulously monitor and maintain, within acceptable limits, the patient's vital signs, blood gases, serum electrolytes, etc.
<b>OVERDOSAGE</b>	After oral administration of lovastatin to mice, the median lethal dose observed was >15 g/m <sup>2</sup> . Five healthy human volunteers have received up to 200 mg of lovastatin as a single dose without clinically significant adverse experiences. A few cases of accidental overdosage have been reported; no patients had any specific symptoms, and all patients recovered without sequelae. The maximum dose taken was 5 to 6 g. Until further experience is obtained, no specific treatment of overdosage with lovastatin can be recommended. The dialyzability of lovastatin and its metabolites in man is not known at present.

## Section 5: Fire-Fighting Measures

<b>Section 5, Fire-fighting measures</b>	
<b>Fire and Explosion Hazards</b>	Assume that this product is capable of sustaining combustion.
<b>Extinguishing Media</b>	Water spray, carbon dioxide, dry chemical powder or appropriate foam.
<b>Special Firefighting Procedures</b>	For single units (packages): No special requirements needed. For larger amounts (multiple packages/pallets) of product: Since toxic, corrosive or flammable vapors might be evolved from fires involving this product and associated packaging, self-contained breathing apparatus and full protective equipment are recommended for firefighters.
<b>Hazardous Combustion Products</b>	Hazardous combustion or decomposition products are expected when the product is exposed to fire.

## Section 6: Accidental Release Measures

<b>Section 6, Accidental release measures</b>	
<b>Personal Precautions</b>	Wear protective clothing and equipment consistent with the degree of hazard.

<b>Environmental Precautions</b>	For large spills, take precautions to prevent entry into waterways, sewers, or surface drainage systems.
<b>Clean-up Methods</b>	Collect and place it in a suitable, properly labeled container for recovery or disposal.

## Section 7: Handling and Storage

### Section 7, Handling and storage

<b>Handling</b>	No special control measures required for the normal handling of this product. Normal room ventilation is expected to be adequate for routine handling of this product.
<b>Storage</b>	Store at 25°C (77°F); excursions permitted to 15° to 30°C (59° to 86°F) [see USP Controlled Room Temperature]. Lovastatin tablets must be protected from light and stored in a well-closed, light-resistant container.

## Section 8: Exposure Controls/Personal Protection

### Section 8, Exposure controls/personal protection

Wear appropriate clothing to avoid skin contact. Wash hands and arms thoroughly after handling.

## Section 9: Physical and Chemical Properties

### Section 9, Physical and chemical properties

<b>Physical Form</b>	Lovastatin Tablets USP, 10 mg are light green colored, oval shaped, uncoated tablets, debossed with 'LU' on one side and 'G01' on the other side. They are supplied as follows:	
	NDC 68180-467-07	Bottles of 60
	NDC 68180-467-09	Bottles of 90
	NDC 68180-467-01	Bottles of 100
	NDC 68180-467-03	Bottles of 1000
	NDC 68180-467-05	Bottles of 5000
	Lovastatin Tablets USP, 20 mg are light green colored, circular, beveled edged, uncoated tablets, debossed with 'LU' on one side and 'G02' on the other side. They are supplied as follows:	
	NDC 68180-468-07	Bottles of 60
	NDC 68180-468-09	Bottles of 90
	NDC 68180-468-01	Bottles of 100
	NDC 68180-468-03	Bottles of 1000
	NDC 68180-468-05	Bottles of 5000
	Lovastatin Tablets USP, 40 mg are light green colored, circular, beveled edged, uncoated tablets, debossed with 'LU' on one side and 'G03' on the other side. They are supplied as follows:	
	NDC 68180-469-07	Bottles of 60
	NDC 68180-469-09	Bottles of 90
	NDC 68180-469-01	Bottles of 100
	NDC 68180-469-03	Bottles of 1000

## Section 10: Stability and Reactivity

### Section 10, Stability and reactivity

Stable under recommended storage conditions.

## Section 11: Toxicological Information

### Section 11, Toxicological information

#### Carcinogenesis, Mutagenesis, Impairment of Fertility

In a 21-month carcinogenic study in mice, there was a statistically significant increase in the incidence of hepatocellular carcinomas and adenomas in both males and females at 500 mg/kg/day. This dose produced a total plasma drug exposure 3 to 4 times that of humans given the highest recommended dose of lovastatin (drug exposure was measured as total HMG-CoA reductase inhibitory activity in extracted plasma). Tumor increases were not seen at 20 and 100 mg/kg/day, doses that produced drug exposures of 0.3 to 2 times that of humans at the 80 mg/day dose. A statistically significant increase in pulmonary adenomas was seen in female mice at approximately 4 times the human drug exposure. (Although mice were given 300 times the human dose [HD] on a mg/kg body weight basis, plasma levels of total inhibitory activity were only 4 times higher in mice than in humans given 80 mg of lovastatin.)

There was an increase in incidence of papilloma in the non-glandular mucosa of the stomach of mice beginning at exposures of 1 to 2 times that of humans. The glandular mucosa was not affected. The human stomach contains only glandular mucosa.

In a 24-month carcinogenicity study in rats, there was a positive dose response relationship for hepatocellular carcinogenicity in males at drug exposures between 2 to 7 times that of human exposure at 80 mg/day (doses in rats were 5, 30 and 180 mg/kg/day).

An increased incidence of thyroid neoplasms in rats appears to be a response that has been seen with other HMG-CoA reductase inhibitors.

A chemically similar drug in this class was administered to mice for 72 weeks at 25, 100, and 400 mg/kg body weight, which resulted in mean serum drug levels approximately 3, 15, and 33 times higher than the mean human serum drug concentration (as total inhibitory activity) after a 40 mg oral dose. Liver carcinomas were significantly increased in high dose females and mid- and high dose males, with a maximum incidence of 90 percent in males. The incidence of adenomas of the liver was significantly increased in mid- and high dose females. Drug treatment also significantly increased the incidence of lung adenomas in mid- and high dose males and females. Adenomas of the Harderian gland (a gland of the eye of rodents) were significantly higher in high dose mice than in controls.

No evidence of mutagenicity was observed in a microbial mutagen test using mutant strains of *Salmonella typhimurium* with or without rat or mouse liver metabolic activation. In addition, no evidence of damage to genetic material was noted in an *in vitro* alkaline elution assay using rat

or mouse hepatocytes, a V-79 mammalian cell forward mutation study, an *in vitro* chromosome aberration study in CHO cells, or an *in vivo* chromosomal aberration assay in mouse bone marrow.

Drug-related testicular atrophy, decreased spermatogenesis, spermatocytic degeneration and giant cell formation were seen in dogs starting at 20 mg/kg/day. Similar findings were seen with another drug in this class. No drug-related effects on fertility were found in studies with lovastatin in rats. However, in studies with a similar drug in this class, there was decreased fertility in male rats treated for 34 weeks at 25 mg/kg body weight, although this effect was not observed in a subsequent fertility study when this same dose was administered for 11 weeks (the entire cycle of spermatogenesis, including epididymal maturation). In rats treated with this same reductase inhibitor at 180 mg/kg/day, seminiferous tubule degeneration (necrosis and loss of spermatogenic epithelium) was observed. No microscopic changes were observed in the testes from rats of either study. The clinical significance of these findings is unclear.

## Section 12: Ecological Information

### Section 12: Ecological Information

No relevant studies identified.

## Section 13: Disposal Considerations

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Incinerate in an approved facility. Follow all federal state and local environmental regulations.

## Section 14: Transport Information

### Section 14: Transport Information

#### IATA/ICAO - Not Regulated

IATA Proper shipping Name	:	N/A
IATA UN/ID No	:	N/A
IATA Hazard Class	:	N/A
IATA Packaging Group	:	N/A
IATA Label	:	N/A

#### IMDG - Not Regulated

IMDG Proper shipping Name	:	N/A
IMDG UN/ID No	:	N/A
IMDG Hazard Class	:	N/A
IMDG Flash Point	:	N/A
IMDG Label	:	N/A

#### DOT - Not Regulated

DOT Proper shipping Name	:	N/A
DOT UN/ID No	:	N/A
DOT Hazard Class	:	N/A
DOT Flash Point	:	N/A
DOT Packing Group	:	N/A
DOT Label	:	N/A

## Section 15: Regulatory Information

### Section 15: Regulatory Information

This Section Contains Information relevant to compliance with other Federal and/or state laws.

## Section 16: Other Information

### Section 16, Other information

The above information is believed to be correct but does not purport to be all-inclusive and shall be used only as a guide. Nothing herein shall be deemed to create any warranty, express or implied. It is the responsibility of the user to determine the applicability of this information and the suitability of the material or product for any particular purpose.

**Lupin** shall not be held liable for any damage resulting from handling or from contact with the above product. Lupin reserves the right to revise this SDS.